

COMPLIANCE RISKS & CONSIDERATIONS DURING COVID-19

SEC GUIDANCE FOR INVESTMENT ADVISERS AND BROKER/DEALERS

PHYSICAL AND CYBER SECURITY SUPERVISION BUSINESS CONTINUITY

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COVID-19 Compliance Considerations & Risks for IAs and BDs

- The SEC's Office of Compliance Inspections and Examinations (OCIE)
 issued a risk alert on August 12, 2020, highlighting COVID-19 pandemicrelated risks and considerations for broker-dealers and investment advisers
 - Extended remote operations have resulted in an increase in fraudulent activity due to heightened market volatility.
 - These conditions create **new stresses** on investment advisers' and broker-dealers' compliance obligations and efforts.



COVID-19 Compliance Considerations & Risks for IAs and BDs

OCIE identified six compliance areas that require more nuanced focus in these conditions

- 1. Protection of investors' assets
- 2. Supervision of personnel
- 3. Fee, expense, and financial transaction practices
- 4. Investment fraud
- 5. Business continuity
- 6. Protection of investor and other sensitive information



1. Protection of Investors' Assets

- The federal securities laws require investment advisers and broker-dealers and to
 - ensure the safety of investor assets
 - guard against theft, loss, and misappropriation (fraud)
- OCIE has observed
 - changes in adviser and broker-dealer practices and procedures for collecting and processing client checks and transfer requests sent via the U.S. Postal Service
 - retirement account withdrawals will likely increase



1. Protection of Investors' Assets

- Firms should
 - review their practices, policies, and procedures and conduct tailored employee trainings around check handling
 - have in place a process to authenticate and verify client identities and fund disbursement instructions



2. Supervision of Personnel

- Investment advisers and broker-dealers must
 - proactively supervise their personnel,
 - including by overseeing their investment and trading activities
 - have tailored policies and procedures reflecting firm's current activities and operations
- OCIE has observed
 - widespread if not universal remote working
 - myriad issues associated with ongoing market volatility



2. Supervision of Personnel

- Firms should modify their practices to address these "WFH" challenges:
 - Remote Supervision
 - lack of physical and proximity oversight/interaction
 - Securities Recommendations
 - some market sectors have experienced greater volatility or have a heightened risk of fraud
 - Limited On-Site Diligence Reviews
 - on-site due diligence reviews of third-party managers, investments, and portfolio holding companies are limited and resource-constrained
 - Off-System Communications
 - communications or transactions may occur on personal devices outside of firms' surveilled and monitored information technology systems
 - Remote Oversight of Trading
 - may be difficult to achieve timely reviews of affiliated, cross, and aberrational trading, particularly in high volume investments



3. Fees, Expenses, and Financial Transactions

- Investment advisers and broker-dealers have disclosure obligations
 - fees charged
 - conflicts of interest
- OCIE has observed
 - increased opportunities for potential misconduct
 - financial conflicts of interest
 - adherence to risk, fee, and expense disclosure obligations
 - exacerbated by volatile market conditions



3. Fees, Expenses, and Financial Transactions

- Firms should consider enhancing their compliance monitoring and policies and procedures
 - Validation: ensure consistent accurate and timely validation
 - disclosures
 - expense calculations
 - High Fee or Expense Investor Transactions
 - identify, track, and review the appropriateness
 - Loans
 - evaluate risks of borrowing from investors, clients, and others that create conflicts of interest



4. Investment Fraud

OCIE OBSERVATIONS

- OCIE and SEC Enforcement staff have alleged investment fraud
- SEC has halted trading and/or taken enforcement action
 - orders address information disseminated by the issuers through verbal public statements, press releases, social media posts, and podcast interviews



4. Investment Fraud

- Firms should
 - be aware of these risks
 - affirmatively report any potential fraud to the SEC
 - be mindful of their suspicious activity reporting (SAR) obligations
 - ensure that all conduct is being flagged and timely reports are being submitted



5. Business Continuity

- Business continuity and disaster recovery should be a primary focus for investment advisers and broker-dealers
- OCIE expects firms to
 - be mindful of compliance and operational risks and potential impacts to operations
 - take steps to mitigate such risks



5. Business Continuity

- Firms should
 - Consider, particularly with respect to physical and cybersecurity, whether
 - additional resources and/or measures for securing servers/systems are needed
 - the integrity and security of vacant facilities is maintained
 - relocation infrastructure and support for remote personnel is necessary
 - remote location data is protected
 - Be prepared to
 - provide disclosures to clients if operations are materially affected
 - actively coordinate with third party service providers to ensure capacity, security, and continuity



6. Protection of Sensitive Information

- Investment advisers and broker-dealers are obligated to protect investors' personally identifiable information (PII)
- OCIE has observed the increase in videoconferencing and other electronic communications may
 - compromise PII and other sensitive information
 - create increased opportunities for bad actors



6. Protection of Sensitive Information

- Firms should review their policies and procedures and consider
 - enhancing identity protection practices
 - providing trainings on cyberattacks (rise in ransomware)
 - using heightened measures such as multifactor authentication for access rights and other encryption protections for data

Key Take Aways

- During COVID-19, the SEC together with FINRA and the CFTC, is monitoring for increased risks to
 - investors
 - capital formation
 - financial markets
- Firms should
 - proactively identify, monitor, assess, and mitigate risks to their clients and operations
 - actively coordinate with regulators and third-party service providers, where applicable, in their efforts to identify and ameliorate issues
 - consult with counsel as appropriate



Thank you for joining us!



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